



Navneeta Kunwar Public School

Duration :- 150 minute
Time :- 05:00 pm to 07:30 pm
MM :- 80 Marks

OTBA (2020-21)
Class :- 6th
Subject:- Social

1. Questions are divided into 3 sections.
2. Section - 1 contains 30 marks.
3. Section - 2 contains 30 marks.
4. Section - 3 contains 20 marks.
5. Each questions are compulsory.

(Section - 1) (30)

1. Tick (✓) the correct answers (10 × 1 = 10)

a) The mountains differ from the hills in terms of
i) elevation ii) slope iii) aspect

b) The Deccan Plateau is located in
i) Australia ii) Kenya iii) India

c) Direct rays of the sun fall on the equator on
i) 21 June ii) 21 March iii) 22 December

d) Grid is a network of
i) parallels of latitudes and meridians of longitudes
ii) the Tropic of Cancer and the Tropic of Capricorn.
iii) the North Pole and the South Pole

e) The total number of longitudes are
i) 360 ii) 90 iii) 180

f) The value of the prime meridian is
i) 60° ii) 90° iii) 0°

g) The planet known as the 'Earth's Twin' is
i) Saturn ii) Venus iii) Jupiter

h) All the planets move around the sun in a
i) Circular path ii) Rectangular Path iii) Elongated path

i) The Pole star indicates the direction to the
a) North b) South c) East

j) An important mountain range of Europe is
i) the Alps ii) the Andes iii) the Rockies

2. Fill in the blanks : (10x1=10)

i) The standard meridian of India is _____.

ii) The daily motion of the earth is _____.

iii) Days are shorter during _____ season.

iv) The _____ areas are most productive for farming.

v) A _____ is an unbroken flat or a low-level land.

vi) The Tropic of Capricorn is located at _____.

vii) The _____ is a line of mountains.

viii) The Arctic circle is located in the _____ hemisphere.

ix) _____ areas are rich in mineral deposits.

x) The 0° Meridian is also known as _____.

3. i) What is a globe? (1)

ii) What is leap year? (1)

iii) What is Universe? (1)

iv) What is meant by the solar system? (1)

v) What is an equinox? (1)

vi) What is the true shape of the earth? (1)

vii) How are plains formed? (2)

viii) Why does the torrid zone receive maximum amount of heat? (2)

Section - 2

30

4. Write whether true or false (5x1=5)

i) The charioteer sprinkled sacred water on the king. ()

- ii) Rajas who let the ashvamedha horse pass through their lands were invited to the sacrifice. ()
- iii) Archaeologists have found palaces in the settlements of the janapadas. ()
- iv) Many cities in mahajanapadas were fortified. ()
- v) Pots to store grain were made out of Painted Grey ware. ()

5. Match the following: (Do any ten) (10x1=10)

- | | |
|------------------------------|-----------------------|
| i) Mahajanapadas | Karnataka |
| ii) End of the ganas | Rajasthan |
| iii) Beginning of cities | Gujarat |
| iv) Copper | Hunting and gathering |
| v) Gold | 2500 years ago |
| vi) Tin | 4700 years ago |
| vii) Precious stones | Afghanistan |
| viii) Narmada Valley | 1500 years ago |
| ix) Magadha | The first cities |
| x) Indus and its tributaries | The first big kingdom |
| xi) Garo hills | Early agriculture |

6. Give answer of the following questions (5x3=15)

- i) What is the difference between manuscripts and inscriptions?
- ii) Why were metals, writing, the wheel and the plough important for the Harappans?
- iii) Who were the groups who could not participate in the assemblies of the ganas?
- iv) Why did the rajas of mahajanapadas build forts?
- v) Make a list of all the objects that archaeologists may find. Which of these could be made of stone?

(Section-3)

20

7. Define the followings: (6 x 2 = 12)

- a) Prejudice b) Diversity c) Discrimination
d) Stereotype e) Equality f) Government

8. Give answer of the questions (4 x 2 = 8)

i) What was the suffrage movement? What did it accomplish?

ii) What are the various ways in which people participate in the process of government?

iii) What is the link between a Gram Sabha and a Gram Panchayat?

iv) What does the Constitution say with regard to equality? Why do you think it is important for all people to be equal?